


**Streptococcal sore throat symptoms**

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## Streptococcal sore throat symptoms

How to know if it's sore throat or strep. Can strep throat symptoms. What is streptococcal sore throat. What does strep sore throat feel like. Streptococcal sore throat symptoms and treatment. How to tell if you have sore throat or strep. Signs and symptoms of streptococcal sore throat.

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Strep throat is an infection caused by bacteria. It is called a “streptococcus” because the bacterium causing the infection is called a streptococcus. Can the others take my strep throat? Thank you. You can pass strep infection on to other people until you have been properly treated with an antibiotic. Children with sore throats should not go back to school or kindergarten until their fever has passed and they have not taken an antibiotic for at least 24 hours. Here are other things you can do to prevent strep throat from spreading: Wash your hands often. Cover your mouth when you cough or sneeze. Avoid sharing kitchen utensils (such as glasses, spoons, or forks) while you are sick. Symptoms of strep throat include: Sore throat Fever Swollen and sore neck glands Red and swollen tonsils White spots on the throat or tonsils Headache In addition to the symptoms listed above, children may also have these symptoms: Abdominal pain Vomiting Red rash with small spots that worsens under the arms and in the folds of the skin dteria. It spreads easily from person to person. You can get it by coming into contact with the nasal fluids or saliva of someone who has strep throat. Wrong throat is more common in young children, but people of all ages can get it. Your doctor may use a test called rapid strep test to diagnose strep throat. For this test, your doctor uses a long cotton swab to remove some of the fluid or mucus from the back of your throat. The results of this test can be ready in less than 15 minutes. Your doctor may also do a mucus culture. In this case, he or she will send a sample of your mucus to a lab. This test is called throat culture. It may take up to 2 days to know the results of a strep culture. The rapid test for strep throat and culture can tell your doctor if you have strep throat. If there’s something else that’s causing your sore throat, these tests don’t tell you what it is. Strep is very contagious. It can be hard to protect yourself when you are in the midst of people who are infected with strep. Try to avoid people who have strep, whenever possible. If you need to be around someone who has strep throat, make sure you wash your hands often. Hand washing is one of the best ways to prevent the spread of germs. A rough throat is treated with antibiotics. Antibiotics kill bacteria. Killing bacteria helps relieve the symptoms of strep throat and helps it go away a little faster. Antibiotics can also prevent some rare, but serious conditions that people with strep throat might develop. These include rheumatic fever or kidney inflammation. It’s important all antibiotics prescribed by the doctor. This reduces the risk of a reappearance of symptoms. It also helps prevent antibiotic resistance. Should all throat pain be treated with antibiotics? It’s not true. Not all throat pains are streptococcus. The bacteria only cause a small part of all the sore throats. The rest are caused by viruses or otherrantibiotics don’t help. Your doctor may do a test to check for strep. What makes my sore throat feel better? Here are some things that might help you feel better: Take ibuprofen (two brands: Advil, Motrin) or acetaminophen (one brand: Tylenol) to relieve pain and reduce fever. Children should not take aspirin. Aspirin can cause a serious disease called Reye syndrome when given to children under the age of 18. Gargle with warm salted water (1/4 teaspoon salt in 1 cup [8 ounces] of hot water). Adults and older children can suck throat lozenges, hard candy, pieces of ice or popsicles. Eat soft foods (such as yogurt and apple sauce) and drink cold drinks or hot liquids (such as broths, soups, and tea). Get a lot of rest. Sleep helps the body fight infection. Drink plenty of water. This helps keep your throat lubricated and helps prevent dehydration. Avoid acidic or spicy foods and drinks (such as orange juice and peppers). Rough throat is an infection that usually comes and goes, especially when you are younger. If you have recurrent strep throat, it could be that someone in your family has strep throat. Carriers have strep bacteria in their throats, but it doesn’t make them sick. Carrier treatment can help prevent the spread of strep. If I have a sore throat and a fever, should I go to the doctor? How long before my test results come in? What kind of antibiotic should I take? What should I do to make my baby more comfortable while he/she has strep throat? My son often gets strep throat. Could it be a tonsil problem? Should I stay away from my family while I have strep throat? Copyright © American Academy of Family Physicians This information is a general description and may not apply to everything. Talk to your family doctor to find out if this information applies to you and for more information on the subject. Strep throat is an infection caused by a type of bacteria (group A strep throat). Strange bacteria cause almost a third of all sore throats. A rough throat usually needs antibiotic treatment. With proper medical care and plenty of rest and fluids, most children return to school and play within a few days. What are the Signs & Symptoms of Strep Throat? Symptoms of strep throat include: sore throat flushing fever and swollen tonsils painful or swollen neck glands Not all sore throat is strep throat. Often, children have sore throats due to a , which will usually clear up without medical care. Children with sore throat may develop other symptoms within about 3 days, such as: red and white spots throat difficulty swallowing headache stomach pain general malaise, discomfort or malaise loss of appetite rash nausea Exhausted throat is very contagious. Anyone can get it, but most cases occur in school-age children and adolescents. Infections are common during the school year when large groups of children and They’re close. How do people take Strep Throat? The bacteria that cause strep tend to hang in the nose and throat. So normal activities like sneezing, coughing, or shaking hands can easily spread an infection from one person to another. Children with untreated strep throat are more likely to spread the infection when symptoms are more severe, but can still infect others for up to 3 weeks. This is why it is so important to teach children the importance of washing their hands. Good hygiene can reduce their chances of contracting contagious diseases such as strep throat. How is strep throat diagnosed? If your child has sore throat and other symptoms of strep, contact your doctor. Your doctor will probably do a quick strep test in the office, using a cotton swab to take a sample of the fluids from the back of your throat. The test takes about 5 minutes. If it’s positive, your son has strep throat. If it’s negative, the doctor will send a sample to the lab for a throat culture. Results are generally available within a few days. Doctors usually prescribe about 10 days of antibiotics to treat strep throat. Within about 24 hours of starting antibiotics, your child will probably not have a fever and will not be contagious. By the second or third day, the other symptoms should start to go away. Even when children feel better, they should take antibiotics as prescribed. This is the best way to kill harmful bacteria. Otherwise, the bacteria may remain in the throat and the symptoms may return. Completion of all antibiotics also prevents other health problems that a strep infection can cause, such as rheumatic fever (which can cause heart damage), scarlet fever, blood infections or kidney disease. To prevent strep throat from spreading to others in your home: Keep your baby’s eating utensils, dishes and glasses separate and wash them in hot soapy water after each use. Make sure your child doesn’t share food, drinks, napkins, handkerchiefs, or towels with other family members. Teach your child to cover all sneezing or coughing. If a handkerchief is not practical, children should sneeze or cough into a shirt sleeve, not their hands. Remind everyone to wash their hands well and often. Give your child a new toothbrush after the start of antibiotic treatment and he or she is no longer contagious. How can I help my child feel better? Home care can help your child feel better while fighting strep. Give plenty of fluids to prevent dehydration, such as water or ginger ale, especially if you have had a fever. Avoid orange juice, grapefruit juice, lemonade or Acid drinks, which can irritate the sore throat. Hot liquids such as soups, sugared tea or hot chocolate can be soothing. Talk to the doctor to know when the child can return to normal activities. Most children can return to school when they have taken antibiotics for at least 24 hours and no longer have fever. The streposus throat is an infection of the throat and tonsils ( glands in the back of the throat) throat)It is caused by a bacterium known as group A streptococcus. The rope throat spreads from person to person very easily, especially among family members. It is common in school-age children, but also occurs in adults. The rope throat can very rarely cause more serious diseases, such as rheumatic fever, a disease that can damage the heart valves. Therefore, it is important that the throat is properly diagnosed and treated. With proper treatment, the throat is usually cured within 10 days. Symptoms of cranus throat include: How does the throat spread? Strep throat is spread by: Close contact with an infected person Sharing the personal items of an infected person Visit your health care provider if symptoms suggest throat strep. Your child will be examined and can be given a strepto test (route culture). Viral diseases can have the same symptoms as the throat. This is why it is important to have a throat swab to confirm the presence of Strep bacteria in your throat. What is a streptol test? A strep test looks for Streptococcus bacteria in your throat. The test is painless and takes very little time. The tip of a cotton swab is used to clean the back of the throat. The swab is then tested. The quick strip test takes about 20 minutes. If the test is positive (the Streptococcus bacteria is found), the patient has throat stroptol. If the test is negative (no signs of Streptococcus), your doctor may send the throat swab to a lab to check the results. Some doctors can’t do a quick test for craps and instead simply send the throat swab to the lab. The rope throat is treated with antibiotics. An antibiotic is a type of medicine that kills the bacteria that cause infection. Antibiotics are often taken as pills or given as a shot. Penicillin and amoxicillin are common antibiotics used to treat the throat of coughs. Other antibiotics are ordered for people allergic to penicillin. Your health care provider may give your child a shot or prescribe an antibiotic in the form of a pill or liquid. The pills or liquid are usually taken for 10 days. Follow your healthcare provider’s instructions. Your child should take all the medication, even if he or she feels better. Bacteria may still be alive even if the child is feeling well. What can you do to relieve sore throat? Your child should: drink soothing fluids, such as hot tea. Take a painkiller, such as acetaminophen (Tylenol®). Aspirin should not be given to children. Aspirin can cause Reye’s syndrome, a life-threatening disease, in children and adolescents who have fever. Other sore throats don’t need special medicines. Why does he make a throat? Most painful throats are caused by viruses, which cannot be cured with medicine; it can only relieve the aches and pains. Viruses heal on their own and cannot be cured with antibiotics or other drugs. Strep throat is caused by a bacterium. Infections caused by bacteria can be treated with antibiotics. The rope throat can lead to more more diseases, so it is important that it is cured. You should never take any medicine left over from a previous disease or give your children an advanced medicine. Residual antibiotics can also make strep throat harder to treat and can cause serious side effects. Your child should feel better within one to two days of starting treatment. When can my child go back to school after the strep throat treatment? Your child can return to normal activities, including school attendance, 24 hours after receiving the injection or starting the antibiotic. If his or her temperature is normal. If your child is not getting better, tell your doctor immediately. Your child should not stop taking the medicine unless told to do so by your healthcare professional. Call your doctor if your child is not getting better one or two days after starting the antibiotic. You should also call if your child has any of these symptoms: Fever one or two days after feeling better Nausea or vomiting Ear Headache Rash Cough Swollen glands Painful joints Dark urine breathing, rash or chest pain (may occur three or four weeks later) Last reviewed by a medical professional Cleveland Clinic on 18.09.2019. Reference Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Group A Streptococcal Disease (GAS). ( Access 9/17/2019. Online lab test. Strep throat test. ( Access 9/17/2019. National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases. Streptococcal group A infections. ( Access 9/17/2019. The Cleveland Clinic is a non-profit, academic medical center. Advertising on our website helps support our mission. We do not endorse non-Cleveland Clinic products or services. Research policy

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